

2019 RULES OF GOLF CHANGES

THE 5 AREAS OF THE GOLF COURSE

- GENERAL AREA previously known as PENALTY AREA previously known as "Through the Green". The General Area "Water Hazards". Includes all areas covers the entire course, except the following four specific areas.
- TEEING AREA area where the player must start play of the hole.
- BUNKER A specially prepared area of sand.



6 PENALTY AREAS

- Penalty Area is the new name for Water Hazard.
- Penalty Areas will still be marked either Yellow or Red. • In a Penalty Area the player can now
- ground the club lightly behind the ball, move a loose impediment, take a practice swing and touch the ground or the water.
- Opposite Margin relief from a Red Penalty area is not available by the Rule. This option must be noted on the Local Rules sheet each week for each specific

defined by the Committee as a penalty

• PUTTING GREEN - the putting green

of the hole the player is playing.

area (with or without water).

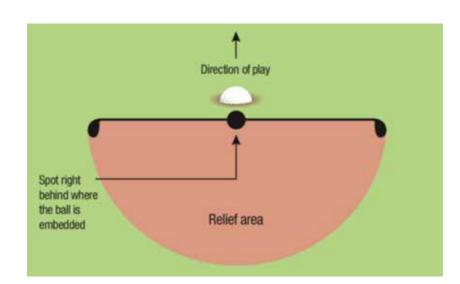
NOTE: As was the case previously, the player cannot take relief from Abnormal Ground Conditions including Immovable Obstructions or an Embedded Ball within a penalty area.

Red Penalty Area.



EMBEDDED BALL

- embedded ball.
- The relief area starts at the spot right behind where the ball is embedded. A ball must be dropped in the one clublength relief area, not nearer the hole than this spot, and in the General Area.
- There is NO longer a requirement to announce to your marker or another player your intention to mark and lift the ball to check if it is embedded, but it is still good practice to do so.
- The relief procedure has changed for an A ball is NOT embedded if it is below the level of the ground as a result of anything other than the player's previous stroke, such as when the ball was dropped in taking relief under a Rule.
 - As with other relief procedures, a ball may be substituted and dropped when taking relief. The original ball may be used, but it is not necessary.



DROPPING A BALL

- The ball must be dropped straight down from knee height.
- Knee height means the height of the player's knee when in a standing position.
- The ball must fall straight down, without the player throwing, spinning or rolling it.

DROPPING AGAIN

- Once dropped, the ball must land in and come to rest in the relief area. If the ball rolls outside the relief area it must be dropped again, then if it rolls out a second time, the ball must be placed where it first struck the ground on the second drop.
- If the placed ball will not stay at rest on that spot, it must be placed on that spot a second time and if it still will not stay there, it must be placed on the nearest spot where it will stay at rest, no nearer

• The ball must not touch any part of the

player's body or equipment before it hits

the ground. If it rolls against the player's

foot or equipment accidentally after

striking the ground, the ball is in play.

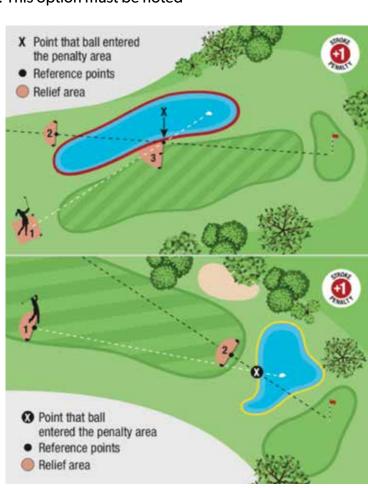
the hole. • If a Drop Zone is being used, the ball when dropped must land and come to rest in the Drop Zone.

You will drop your ball from knee height into the relief area.



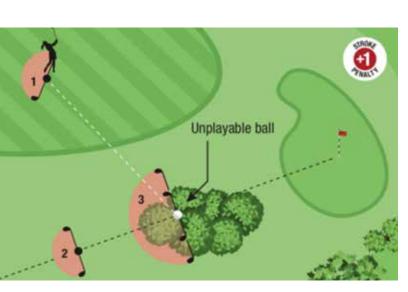
DROPPING OPTIONS FROM RED & YELLOW PENALTY AREAS

Important Note: Opposite Margin relief on the Local Rules sheet each week for from a Red Penalty area is not available each specific Red Penalty Area. by the Rule. This option must be noted



DROPPING OPTIONS FROM AN UNPLAYABLE BALL

- When using the "Stroke-and-Distance Relief" option (#1 above) the player must now estimate where the previous stroke was played and drop a ball within indicate the point on the line by using one club-length of that spot not nearer the hole.
- When using the "Back-on-the-Line Relief" option (#2 above) or keeping the place where the ball lies between you and the hole, the player can now drop in a one club-length relief area rather than exactly on the line itself as was done previously. The player can go back on the line as far as he wants,
- select a point on the line and drop within one club-length of that point, not nearer the hole. (The player should an object such as a coin or tee.) The ball when dropped cannot go forward of
- Using the 2 club-length "Lateral Relief" option (#3 above) when a ball is unplayable, the ball must stay in the 2 club-length relief area when dropped. It can no longer roll 2 club-lengths from where it strikes the ground.



THE RELIEF AREA

- The Relief Area is the area where a player must drop a ball when taking relief under a Rule.
- The Relief Area is a defined area that is equal to the length of the longest club carried by a player, other than a putter.
- No matter what club is used to measure, the ball must come to rest within the longest club, other than a putter. Using a putter or sand wedge will not provide a smaller relief area.
- The one club-length Relief Area will be uniform for all procedures, except when a player is using the two clublength "Lateral Relief" option from a red penalty area or from an unplayable ball.

REPAIRING DAMAGE ON THE PUTTING GREEN

- Damage to a putting green may be repaired.
- Damage is described in the Rule and it means any damage caused by a person or outside influence and includes ball marks, old hole plugs, turf plugs, shoe damage (such as spike marks) and scrapes or indentations caused by equipment or the flagstick. Any repair must be done promptly.

pathway or channel to the hole. **GREENS READING MATERIALS LIMITATION (GRM's)**

- There are new limitations on mapped Greens Books, including green diagrams in a traditional yardage book. ANY putting green image that is used during the round MUST be limited to a scale of 3/8 inch to 5 yards. A yardage or greens book must also meet a size limit of 7 inches x 4.25 inches.
- Any hand drawn or written information by the player or the caddie is allowed for usage in reading a putt, but only if contained in a book or paper meeting this size limit (other than a hole placement sheet). Magnification of putting green information is not allowed, other than a players normal wearing of glasses.

pairing Spike Marks pair spike marks and any other damage on he putting green aused by a person, n animal or

• It does not include natural surface

• The line of play on the putting green

may now be touched, including when

pointing out a line for putting, but the

line must not be improved beyond what

is now permitted when repairing dam-

age, i.e.: the player may NOT create a

or natural wear of the hole.

imperfection or disease, aeration holes

• This change makes the Relief Area con-

a ball from an immovable obstruction,

from an embedded ball, from a wrong

The-Line Relief" under penalty, or when

using the "Stroke-and-Distance Relief"

option under penalty, the Relief Area is

• When taking free relief or penalty relief,

the original ball or another ball must be

one club-length.

dropped in the relief area.

putting green, when using "Back-On-

sistent. No matter if a player is dropping

13 ALIGNMENT

- No one can help the player with his alignment for the stroke. This is an essential skill which the player must do for himself.
- A caddie is NO longer allowed to stand behind the player to help with alignment. At the moment the player begins to deliberately stand directly behind the player. The penalty is two strokes in stroke play.
- There is one exception which applies only on the Putting Green. The penalty can be avoided if the player backs away and starts again without the caddie directly behind him. Provided the player backs away and starts again on the Putting Green, there is no penalty. take his stance, the caddie must not • The player cannot set something down
 - (such as a club) to help with alignment for a stroke. Once this is done the penalty is two strokes in stroke play.



ELIMINATION OF PENALTIES

- There is now NO penalty for an acciden- There is still NO penalty for a ball or are treated the same way; NO penalty and the ball is played as it lies.
- During a search for a ball, there is NO penalty if a ball is moved by the player or his caddie. In all cases, the ball will be replaced, it will never be dropped.
- There is now NO penalty if a ball in motion accidentally hits the player, caddie, his equipment, or the flagstick

 • If a ball has been moved by an Outside whether removed or attended. There is only a penalty if it is deliberate or if the player or caddie deliberately positions equipment to stop a ball in motion.

• The player can now putt leaving the

decide this before making the stroke.

• There is NO penalty if the ball strikes

a flagstick left in the hole prior to the

stroke, or for a ball accidentally striking

a flagstick that is attended or removed.

• If the player elects to putt with the flag-

stick in the hole, it must NOT be moved

after the stroke to affect where a ball in

If you make a

stroke from on

the green and

your ball hits

the flagstick in

the hole, there

will be no penalty.

rest of the round, but he will NOT be

• There will be NO replacement of a club

unfit for play (such as a cracked driver

face), unless the damage is caused by

an outside influence or natural forces.

No matter what the nature or cause

of the damage, the damaged club is

treated as conforming for the rest of

• The player is NO longer required to

announce that he is lifting the ball to

determine if it is cut or cracked or for

identification. Simply mark the ball

Cut or Cracked replaces the term Ball

Unfit for Play. Hence a ball out of shape

• A ball can only be replaced if it is cut or

cracked and that damage happened

allowed to replace it.

that round only.

BALLS

and lift it.

may not be replaced.

on the same hole.

motion may come to rest. It may only be

Leaving Flagstick in the Hole

• No matter how a club is damaged, even • The player will be allowed to have the

by abusing it, the player can continue to damaged club repaired but the repair

use the club in its damaged state for the is limited to the original components

flagstick in the hole, but the player must

9 FLAGSTICK

CLUBS

- tal double hit. All accidental deflections ball-marker accidentally moved on the putting green.
 - There is now NO penalty for carrying a non-conforming club, penalty applies only for using it.
 - On the putting green a ball which strikes a moving leaf after a putt, is NO longer cancelled and replayed. The ball will be played as it lies.
 - Influence, it must be replaced in all cases including when the spot is not known. It will NEVER be dropped.

removed when there is no reasonable

possibility that the ball will strike the

• If a ball rests against a flagstick in the

hole and part of the ball is below the

level of the lip, the ball will be consid-

below the surface. There is no longer

a requirement to move the flagstick to

see if the ball falls into the hole. The

of the club - the same grip, shaft and

clubhead. Damage that existed prior

A club MUST still conform when starting

a new round or when starting a play-off

in stroke play, if it is to be used. There is

NO penalty for carrying a non-conforming

2019 Rule

to the round must not be repaired.

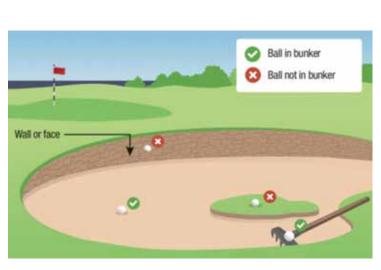
club, only for using it.

ered holed, even if the entire ball is not

flagstick.

5 BUNKERS

- Loose impediments in a bunker may now be removed or touched, provided the ball does not move. If the ball moves as a result, there is a one stroke penalty and the ball must be replaced. Hence, a Local Rule for Stones in Bunkers will no longer exist as the Rules will allow their removal.
- The Rules will now allow the player to generally touch the sand in a bunker with a hand or a club, but there are limitations. For example:
- You cannot touch the sand in a bunker when making a practice swing or in the the ball while waiting to play. backswing for the stroke.
- You cannot deliberately touch the sand in the bunker with your hand, club, rake or other object to test the condition of the sand to learn information for the
- You cannot touch the sand in a bunker with a club in the area right in front of or right behind the ball, except when searching or removing a loose impediment or movable obstruction.
- There is NO longer a penalty for striking the sand in anger or frustration, or for leaning on a club in the sand away from

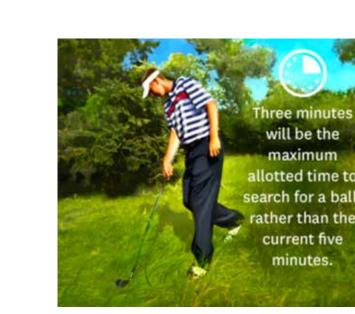


LOST BALL & PLAYING A PROVISIONAL BALL

- The time to search for a ball is reduced from 5 minutes to 3 minutes.
- The time of search still starts when the player or caddie begin to search.
- If the original ball is found, the
- provisional ball must be abandoned. • Once the search time has begun, there is NO penalty if the ball is accidentally moved during the search by anyone including the player or caddie. Simply

replace the ball in its estimated position.

- The player can now go back to where the ball was last played and play a provisional ball at any time before the original ball is found.
- The player must still announce that the ball about to be played is a provisional ball. The player must use the word "provisional" or otherwise clearly indicate that he or she is playing the ball provisionally.



CADDIES

- A caddie will now be able to mark, lift and stance for any stroke. There are strict replace the player's ball (if he lifted it) on the putting green ONLY, without needing authorization. The player is still responsible for any related breach of the Rules.
- A caddie will NO longer be able to align the player while he is taking his

DISTANCE MEASURING DEVICES

- Although in 2019 the Rules of Golf will allow the everyday use of Distance Measuring Devices (DMD's) without measuring elevation changes; the PGA TOUR will be adopting a Local Rule on our Hard Card which will prevent the use of DMD's during any tournament rounds. Penalty for first breach of this Local
 - during the same round Disqualification. DMD's without elevation change, will still be permitted in PGA TOUR pre-tournament Pro-Ams, Open Qualifying rounds and stages of Q school, except the Q

TEMPORARY IMMOVABLE OBSTRUCTIONS

• The TIO Local Rule was re-crafted to enable a player to treat a TIO as an Immovable Obstruction when any physical interference exists, if the player so chooses. This should simplify the process for players when taking relief.

PREFERRED LIES

- within one club length of the original this Local Rule.
- When a player has both Physical Interference and Line of Sight Interference, he has a choice of either procedure. However, once this choice is made, the other option may not be used.

school finals.

Rules about where the caddie may

deliberately stand when the player

begins to take his stance. Other than on

the putting green, there is no way out

of a penalty if the caddie is deliberately

Rule during a tournament round is two

strokes in stroke play; second breach

standing directly behind the player

when he starts to take his stance.

• The position of the ball may be marked spot, but not nearer the hole. As with before being lifted, but it is not required. other relief procedures, a ball may be Simply lift the ball and place a ball once substituted when a ball is lifted under